

Fenomena: Journal of the Social Sciences Vol. 23 No. 2 (2024) : 145-162 Available online at https://fenomena.uinkhas.ac.id/index.php/fenomena/

K-Pop Fandom Activism on Social Media: Refuting Accusations of Slacktivism in Internet Activism

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DOI: https://doi.org/10.35719/fenomena.v23i2.191				
Received: July 25, 2024	Revised: October 13, 2024	Accepted: Oct 16, 2024	Published: Nov 22, 2024	

Abstract :

The phenomenon of K-Pop fandom activism, which has been considered as a mere fanaticism movement, has experienced a developmental orientation towards the fulfillment of common interests. K-Pop fandom activism is able to become a movement in social media that has an impact and brings public attention in voicing social changes. This paper focuses on analyzing the trends, forms, and real implications of social movements initiated by K-Pop fandoms with a high number of masses and militants. Using qualitative research utilizing online sources, this study found that K-Pop fandom activism has enlivened issues that are not only related to their community but have referred to global issues such as social, cultural, environmental and political. This activism is able to become a catalyst on social media in the form of real action rather than slacktivism. Real action is carried out by giving donations, filling out petitions to make demonstration efforts. This activism phenomenon has implications for changes not only in the issues raised but also has implications for changes in the stigma of society towards K-Pop fandom which tends to be more positive as a driver of social change. However, this paper is limited to the use of text data as the main source which cannot provide empirical conclusions. Therefore, future research should integrate the views and experiences of those directly involved in K-Pop fandom activism so that it is possible to formulate more comprehensive conclusions.

Keywords: Activism, K-Pop Fandom, Social Media, Slactivism

Abstrak:

Fenomena aktivisme fandom K-Pop yang selama ini dianggap sebagai gerakan fanatisme belaka ternyata telah mengalami perkembangan orientasi atas pemenuhan kepentingan bersama. Aktivisme fandom K-Pop mampu menjadi gerakan dalam media sosial yang berdampak dan membawa atensi publik dalam menyuarakan perubahan-perubahan sosial. Tulisan ini fokus menganalisis tren, bentuk, dan implikasi nyata dari gerakan sosial yang diinisiasi oleh fandom K-Pop dengan jumlah massa yang cukup tinggi dan militan. Menggunakan penelitian kualitatif dengan memanfaatkan sumber-sumber online, penelitian ini menemukan bahwa aktivisme fandom K-Pop sudah meramaikan isu-isu yang bukan hanya terkait komunitas mereka saja melainkan sudah merujuk pada isu-isu global seperti sosial, kultural, lingkungan hingga politik. Aktivisme ini mampu menjadi katalis di media sosial berupa aksi nyata bukan sebagai slacktivisme. Aksi nyata yang dilakukan dengan pemberian donasi, mengisi petisi hingga melakukan upaya demonstrasi. Fenomena aktivisme ini berimplikasi pada perubahan tidak hanya pada isu yang diangkat melainkan juga berimplikasi pada perubahan stigma masyarakat terhadap fandom K-Pop yang cendrung lebih positif sebagai penggerak perubahan sosial. Akan tetapi, tulisan ini terbatas pada



penggunaan data teks yang menjadi sumber utama yang tidak dapat memberikan kesimpulan empiris. Oleh karena itu, penelitian masa depan harus mengintegrasikan pandangan dan pengalaman pihak yang terlibat langsung dalam aktivisme fandom K-Pop sehingga memungkinkan untuk merumuskan kesimpulan yang lebih komprehensif.

Kata Kunci: Aktivisme, Fandom K-Pop, Media Sosial, Slactivisme

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How to cite:	Saka, P. A., Saka, Z. A. J., Nurhakim, P. R., Yusuf, M., Larasati, Y. G., & Adawiah, R.			
	(2024). K-Pop Fandom Activism on Social Media: Refuting Accusations of Slacktivism			
	in	Internet	Activism. Fenomena, 23(2),	145-162.
	https://doi.org/10.35719/fenomena.v23i2.191.			
Publisher:	Centre for Research and Community Service (LP2M), UIN Kiai Haji Achmad Siddiq			
	Jember		-	-

INTRODUCTION

Technological developments have accommodated changes in the realm of aspiration and criticism. Social media is no longer just a medium of communication and information but also a new space for social movements and activism. Some forms of activism recorded on social media have proven to be able to gather the masses and have an impact on the desired changes (Ta'amneh and Al-Ghazo, 2021; Dobrin, 2020). For example, the social restriction movement imposed during the COVID-19 pandemic through the use of the hashtag #dirumahsaja (Nadia & Irwansyah, 2021), rejection of the Job Creation Bill (Arianto, 2021; Lia, 2021), to efforts to encourage public sensitivity to the rejection of reclamation policies (Anam et al., 2020). Social media has become a strategic space for activism movements due to its high and massive usage. Hootsuite We Are Social data shows that the number of active social media users in Indonesia reached 191 million as of January 2022 (Mahdi & Bayu, 2022). This number has increased by 12.6% or an increase of 21 million people compared to the previous year (Nuryama, 2022).

Previous research on activism in the digital realm does not accommodate movements specifically designed by certain communities or social groups. Existing studies tend to discuss digital activism in general, such as studies that look at the efficiency of social media in driving activism (Wong & Wright, 2018; Foster et al., 2019; Larrondo et al., 2019; Yessenbekova, 2020), the negative sides and shortcomings of social media in accommodating activism which is considered to be just a form of social activity in the form of support or rejection that does not have an impact on certain social problems (Cook et al., 2014; Wilkins et al., 2019), and further studies that actually refute the accusations of slacktivism in previous research (Christensen, 2012; Kwak et al., 2018). From these previous studies, it appears that activism in the social media sphere is often seen as a tentative social movement that does not accommodate change.

Based on the above background, this paper aims to complement existing studies on social media activism that in fact has an impact and accommodates change. Social movements recorded in digital media need to be seen in a smaller and exclusive scope such as interest-based virtual communities in the form of K-Pop fan clubs (fandoms). In quantity, this community has a fairly high and militant mass. Those who are members of the K-Pop fandom are also known to have a high sense of loyalty. Based on that, this paper wants to see the trend of social movements carried out by K-Pop fandom, the forms of activism, and the impact or implications of activism that takes place on social media. The phenomenon of this kind of activism becomes a new perspective in viewing fandom as a social community that is not just present as a pop community that is attached to the stigma of fanaticism, but instead becomes a group of social change drivers.

This study departs from the argument that social media activism mediated by K-Pop fan groups can create change. Movements that were originally initiated by the motive of similar interests and closely related to the fulfillment of fan interests gradually became actions that were fully based on the intentions of fulfilling common interests. K-Pop fandom, which is quantitatively large and solid, has the power to initiate social movements. Although the activism carried out has not been able to fully challenge the ruling status and fundamentally change the social order, the movements initiated by the K-Pop music fan community are able to attract the attention of audiences from various backgrounds and levels to get involved and voice their demands. Movements that not only exist in the virtual realm but are also present in the form of donations to street actions that more or less have an impact on change.

METHOD

K-Pop fandom as a community or group of fans who idolize a certain K-Pop idol or K-Pop group is an interesting research material object to be studied in the realm of socio-cultural studies. The selection of K-Pop fandom as a unit of analysis is based on two main reasons. First, K-Pop fandom is not only present as a representation of interest-based groups or communities but also exists in social movement activities that address important issues in the socio-cultural, political, economic, and environmental domains. Secondly, the quantity of people claiming to be part of the K-Pop fandom on social media is known to be quite high. This is evident from the data that notes that Indonesia is the country with the highest number of K-Pop fans in cyberspace, beating South Korea as the country of origin of hallyu culture and K-Pop idols themselves (CNN Indonesia, 2022). These two reasons show how K-Pop fandom is an important unit of analysis to see its existence and influence in questioning social phenomena, one of which is related to their activism.

This research is a qualitative study that collects data through internet studies by searching online news reports, social media posts, and official websites that contain relevant surveys related to K-Pop fandom activism on social media. Internet study was chosen because this model is able to reach rich data from media collected on the internet such as online news, social media posts, and websites. In particular, one of the main data in this study uses the Drone Emprit survey results published on the Drone Emprit website. The use of this data is based on the reason that the drone emprit data contains data from monitoring and analyzing netizen conversations and news that are busy on social media based on the use of keywords, names of figures, and names of events. The results of drone emprit's monitoring and analysis help this research in showing trends and statistics of the phenomenon of K-Pop fandom activism on social media.

The focus of social media as the source of data is Twitter. Twitter was chosen because it is one of the most widely used social media by K-Pop fans to interact virtually, both with their favorite artists and fellow fandom members. Twitter report data states that from July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021 tweets about K-Pop became the most discussed topic and set a record, reaching 7.5 billion tweets (Kim, 2021). Of this total, it is known that Indonesia is the highest user country in the world. This becomes

relevant to conduct research on the activism of Indonesian K-pop fandom on Twitter.

Data collection was done by searching online news sources and Twitter social media posts. Data collection on online news was done by entering relevant keywords on Google search engine such as "drone emprit data on kpopers activism" to reach the news website https://pers.droneemprit.id/ which contains drone emprit analysis data on K-pop Twitter accounts' tweets. This data is included in the first finding of this research which talks about the trends and statistics of K-pop fandom activism on social media. In addition, Google searches also included the keywords "Kpopers care", "Kpopers donate", and "the power of kpopers on social media" to fulfill the third data need regarding the implications of activism. Furthermore, data in the form of Twitter posts was obtained by entering relevant keywords such as "K-pop", "K-popers", "Kpopers donation", and "Kpop joins demonstration" in the "search" feature. The search was also conducted by targeting trending hashtags such as #BlackLivesMatter, #MosiTidakPercaya, #TolakOmnibusLaw, #SavePapuaForest, #SaveHutanIndonesia, and special hashtags such as #KpopersTurunkeJalan and #KpopersPeduli. The series of data are then identified and classified into the second finding which explains about the forms of activism.

The data findings were then analyzed using the Miles and Huberman analysis method (Miles et al., 2014). Data analysis was conducted through three stages. First, data reduction is the grouping of findings into appropriate themes such as trends and statistics of K-pop fandom activism on social media, forms of activism, and implications of activism. Second, data display is done in the form of tables containing image snippets, Twitter social media post quotes, and news descriptions supported by narration on the table. Third, data verification is done through re-examination of the authenticity and suitability of the data with the research theme. Through these three stages of analysis, this study has become an important academic work that contributes to producing reliable data.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Result

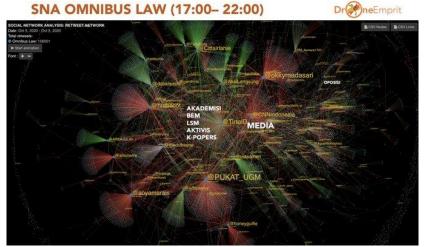
Trends and Statistics of K-Pop Fandom Activism on Social Media

K-pop fandom activism has increasingly become a prominent phenomenon in virtual spaces, mainly through diverse narratives and forms of action. Once primarily focused on supporting their favorite idols and music groups, these fandoms have expanded their activities to engage in various social and political issues. Social media platforms, particularly Twitter, no longer serve merely as a medium for communication, a source of entertainment, or information sharing but have transformed into new arenas for social activism. Using their significant online presence, K-pop fans mobilize to raise awareness and initiate action on issues ranging from racial justice to climate change. The intensity of K-pop fandom activism is evident through the high engagement of Twitter accounts that display K-pop avatars (ava or profile pictures), which participate in ongoing online discussions and trending topics. These fans often organize campaigns, such as mass donations, trending hashtags, and spreading educational content, challenging the notion that online activism is merely "slacktivism." Instead, they demonstrate the potential for virtual communities to make real-world impacts. Whether it be amplifying marginalized voices or contributing to humanitarian causes, K-pop fandom activism has proven to be an influential force, leveraging the power of social media to transcend entertainment and engage in

meaningful social movements.

Most of the issues that show massive involvement from K-Popers are issues related to politics and statehood such as the discourse on the rejection of the Omnibus Law that occurred in Indonesia as can be seen in the following figure:

Figure 4.1. Social Network Analysis of the Omnibus Law Contra Cluster



(Source: Twitter Account @ismailfahmi)

The Drone Emprit data above shows the rejection trend present on Twitter through the keyword "Omnibus Law" which is dominated by several social media users. Data from the trends24 website notes that two hashtags related to the issue of rejection of the Omnibus Law that lasted a long time and even became trending topics worldwide were #MosiTidakPercaya and #TolakOmnibusLaw. These rejection hashtags appeared since October 4, 2020 at 17.00 WIB and peaked on October 5, 2020 at 21.00 WIB with 56,000 mentions (Ludwianto & Fikrie, 2020). K-Popers with diverse fandom backgrounds are known to be one of the largest clusters that have contributed to increasing the trending rejection of the Omnibus Law. This can also be seen in the following image regarding the compilation of Twitter profile photos (ava) which are dominated by K-Pop photos:



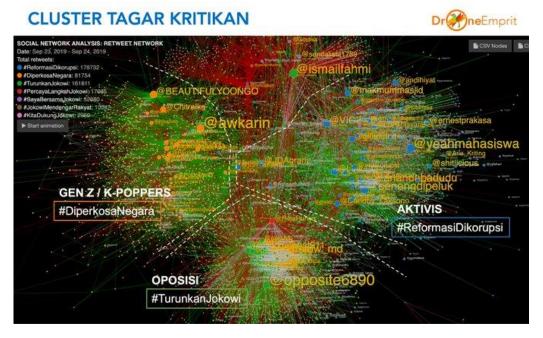


From the above compilation of avatars (profile pictures) of the top and most influential accounts in enlivening the Omnibus Law reject trend, it can be seen that accounts with K-Popers avatars dominate. Of the total 144 accounts summarized, at least 40 of them are accounts with K-Pop avatars. Meanwhile, the rest are accounts with

personal profile photos, memes, news media logos, and so on, which when collected in each category are not as many as K-Popers' profile photos.

The existence of K-Pop fandom in activism on social media Twitter is also found in the trend of criticizing the government and the House of Representatives. These criticisms are present in several trending hashtags such as #ReformasiDikorupsi, #TurunkanJokowi, and #DiperkosaNegara. The Social Network Analysis (SNA) map in figure 4.3 below shows that of all the Twitter accounts that trended these hashtags, the counter-government cluster pattern is divided into three categories: GenZ/K-Popers, Activists, and Opposition. A map of the social network analysis that shows these counter clusters can be seen in the following figure:

Figure 4.3. Social Network Analysis (SNA) Data on Twitter User Clusters that Criticize the Government



The GenZ and K-Popers clusters dominate the posts using the hashtag #DiperkosaNegara. A post from the Twitter account @BEAUTIFULYOONGO is a post that represents the K-Popers group. The K-Popers account's post even became the top influencer beating the posts of other top influencer accounts such as @awkarin, @chitralka, @yogacaesarekaa, and @JDAgraria. If the top influencer accounts are compared, the @BEATIFULYOONGO account has a much smaller number of followers, which is only 133 followers compared to the @awkarin account as the second top influencer with a total of 372 thousand followers. However, the post with the hashtag #DiperkosaNegara shared by the @BEAUTIFULYOONGO account received 11,491 engagements, 204 more engagements than @awkarin's post which received 11,287 engagements (Fahmi, 2019). The data shows that not only account reputation seen from the number of followers has an effect on the achievement of posts, but reputation in terms of account identity as part of the K-Pop group has proven successful in reaching a higher number of engagements.

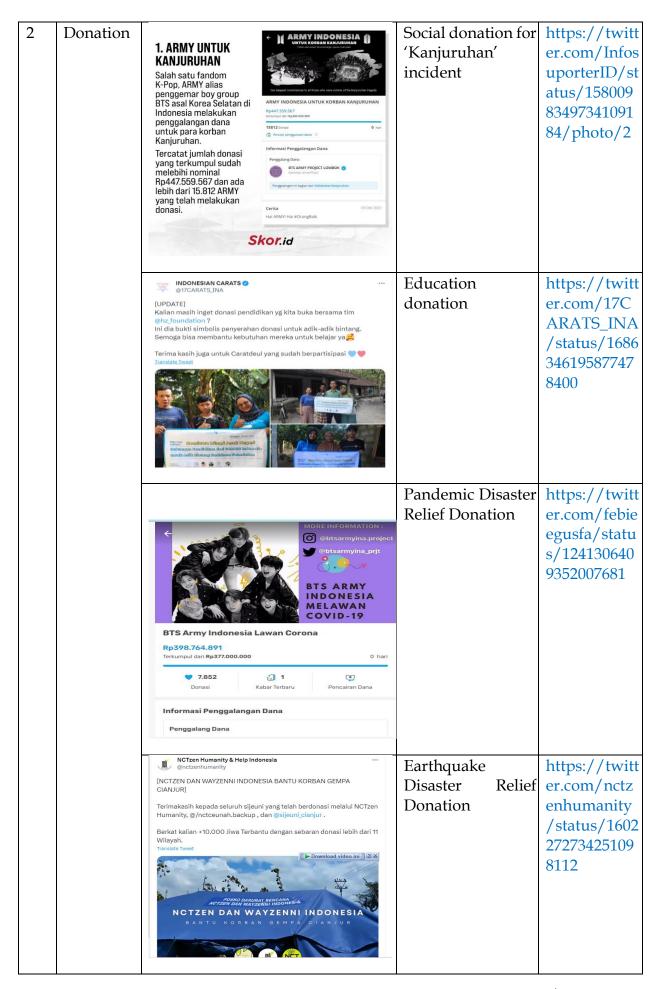
Forms of Activism

K-pop fandom activism is not only reflected in the size of trends or statistical data that capture the participation of K-pop fans in socio-political issues but also in concrete

cases documented across social media platforms. Once primarily a tool for communication, information sharing, and entertainment, social media has evolved into a significant space where social movements can take shape and thrive. Within these virtual spaces, K-pop fandom activism manifests in three essential forms: discourse, donation, and direct action. First, discourse is seen in how K-pop fans use platforms to discuss important social and political topics, often amplifying marginalized voices. Second, donations are a notable form of activism, where fans collectively fundraise for various causes, from disaster relief to social justice campaigns. Lastly, the action includes organizing real-world protests or mobilizing large-scale online movements, such as coordinating hashtags to bring global attention to critical issues. Through these efforts, K-pop fans actively challenge accusations of "slacktivism" by demonstrating that their online presence can lead to tangible social change. The three forms of K-Pop fandom activism can be seen in the following table:

No	Form of Activism	Evidence	Category	Source
1	Discourse	After spending days urging social	Support for the	https://ww
		media support for the Black Lives	#BlackLivesMatte	w.vox.com
		Matter movement, fans around the	r movement	
		world went viral and		
		gained mainstream media		
		attention for their use of K-pop		
		fancams to jam police apps.		
		A boycott petition against Ali		https://kaba
		Hamza's Tiktok account is being	boycott	r24.bisnis.co
		discussed on social media Twitter.		m
		The call to boycott Ali Hamza was		
		echoed by netizens who were		
		dominated by K-Popers because		
		the content he published on Tiktok		
		was considered to have spread		
		slander and hatred.		
		The hot issue of rejecting the	0	-
		Omnibus Law on Job Creation		w.cnnindone
		(RUU Ciptaker) has made K-		sia.com
		Popers join the Omnibus Law		
		trend on Twitter.	Law	
		The land burning in the Papua	0	-
		region allegedly carried out by a	-	w.pramborsf
		Korean company named		m.com
		KORINDO made K-Pop fans raise		
		the hashtags #SavePapuaForests	esia	
		and #SaveHutanIndonesia on		
		Twitter.		

Table 1. Froms of K-Pop Fandom Activism on Social Media



		VCT UNION INDONESIA NCT zen Peduli Lingkungan; 2020 Pohon untuk Indonesia Silahkan lakukan donasi di link Indungihutan.com/nctzenunionina Satu Pohon sangat berarti bagi Kelestarian Alam Indonesia NCTzen Peduli Ingkungan; 2.020 Pohon Intuk Indonesia Indungihutan.com/nctzenunionina December 2020 December 2020	Environmental Care Donation	https://twitt er.com/nctu nion_ina/sta tus/1339075 80726046310 7
3	Action	@alinezad 191 2.6M 111.6M Following 2.6M Likes Boikot Ali Hamza, Content Creator Likes Boikot Ali Hamza, Content Creator Dengan Z00.000 tanda tangan, petisi ini menjadi salah 160.586 telah menandatangani. Mari kita ke 200.000. Pongan 200.000 tanda tangan, petisi ini menjadi salah Satu petisi paling banyak di tanda tangani di Change.org!		1 / / /
		AKU ARMY NYA BTS AKU ARMY NYA BTS TAPI HARI (NI AKU JADI ARMY NYA LA KYAT INDONESIA JI KEMPADAWAN AKU JADI ARMY NYA LA KYAT INDONESIA JI KEMPADAWAN KUKANA AKU ARMA DUGA MAHASISUA NGORTA DUGA MAHASISUA NGORTA DUGA MAHASISUA NGORTA DUGA MAHASISUA NGORTA DUGA MAHASISUA NGORTA DUGA MAHASISUA NGORTA DUGA MAHASISUA NGORTA DUGA MAHASISUA NGORTA DUGA MAHASISUA MA	Demonstration against omnibus law	https://twitt er.com/baet aekook_/stat us/13134874 60865921024 /photo/1
		ITU GEDUNG DPR ATAU HOTEL DEL UNA KOKISINYA SETAIN SEMIUA?	Protests against the House of Representatives (DPR RI) over the omnibus law and RUUKUHP	xo9/status/1 31336168367

		distributing free	https://twitt er.com/KelC pdWtn/statu s/146162622 0848705536/ photo/1
	• MCK Darurat & Genset untuk penyintas gempa Cianjur #Bilinkindomesia #BOICharity #BIlinkindomesia #Bilinkindomesia	generator	er.com/blink

Source: Data processed by the author

The most massive forms of K-Pop fandom activism found on social media fall into at least three categories: discourse, donation, and action. Activism in the form of discourse is most prevalent in social media posts that are intensified to support certain issues. In the data contained in Table 1 above, K-Pop fandom activism in the form of discourse is present in the movement against black racism with the hashtag #BlackLivesMatter. All fans of various idol groups united to take action in defense by sending their idol's fancam videos on the Dallas police application until it could not be accessed for a while. Discourse activism is also present in the form of boycott movements against controversial influencer accounts that are considered to spread hatred and environmental movements that counter capitalistic corporations. Even in issues that had been busy in Indonesia such as the rejection of the ratification of the Job Creation Bill (Omnibus Law), K-Popers contributed as the largest community that enlivened and trended related hashtags on social media Twitter.

Apart from discourse, the second, more tangible activism comes in the form of donations. K-Pop fandom solidarity is useful in fundraising actions for social issues such as the Kanjuruhan riots that killed hundreds of people, education donations, disaster donations, and environmental donations. The total donations collected from K-Pop idol fandoms are quite fantastic. In the case of Kanjuruhan, two of the largest fandoms in Indonesia managed to raise funds for victims worth IDR 447,559,567 from the Army fandom and more than IDR 340,000,000 from the NCTZen fandom. Equally large values were also found in donations for disaster victims such as fundraising for victims of the COVID-19 pandemic disaster in Indonesia which almost reached 400

million rupiah and donations for victims of the Cianjur earthquake which claimed to have saved more than 10,000 lives as victims. Twitter posts from K-Pop fandoms containing calls for donations and the progress of the fundraising show activism that has an impact on society.

The third form of K-Pop fandom activism comes in the form of real-world actions as a follow-up to the discourse or invitation that had been enlivened on social media. Cases in Indonesia show the involvement of K-Pop fandom in real action on the ground comes in the form of signing petitions, demonstrations, campaigns, and direct aid distribution to beneficiaries. The most participated demo action by this fan-based community is the demonstration against the Job Creation Bill which is considered discriminatory. Their involvement is not only limited to joining demonstrations on the streets, but also educating each other among fellow fandom members to be more aware of the political issues that are being fought for (CNN Indonesia, 2020c). In addition, the demonstrations carried out by the K-Pop fandom are also quite interesting where they carry attributes that represent their identity as Kpopers and play music from their idols to ignite the spirit of the demonstrations being carried out (Insertlive, 2020). The use of taglines and distinctive sentences by including the names of their favorite idols has made the existence of K-Pop lovers in the realm of aspiration delivery increasingly attract attention. The most participated demonstration by this fan-based community is the demonstration against the Job Creation Bill which is considered discriminatory. At least in terms of building public awareness.

Implication of K-Pop Fandom Activism on Social Media

The forms of K-Pop fandom activism in social media spaces in turn bring about real impacts not only in the lives of K-Pop fans or K-Pop fandoms, but also for the social life of society in general. There are at least three forms of real implications of fandom activism on social media, including political impacts, health impacts, and environmental impacts. These impacts are manifested in various forms of action. Data showing the three implications can be seen in the following table:

No	Coding	Form	Description	Source
		Campaign	When asked whether K-Pop	https://www.voai
		Sabotage	fans might only be strong in	ndonesia.com/a/m
			online activism, Suray said,	enakar-kekuatan-
			"The fandom managed to	fandom-k-pop-
			topple the (Trump) campaign	dalam-aktivisme-
			so that only 6,000 people	
	Political		attended. That, I think, already	politik/5504493.ht
1	Implication		(illustrates) the power of the	ml
	s		masses that emerged."	
	3	Fight	Not only did the K-Pop	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		against app	fandom take over social media,	ndonesia.com/hibu
		piracy	but it also took over iWatch	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			Dallas, a Dallas Police app	
			created to receive reports of	
			illegal activity during the	
			#BlackLivesMatter protests,	kekuatan-nyata-

Table 2. Implications of K-Pop Fandom Activism on Social Media

			and demand justice for George	medsos
	Health	Socializatio n of health messages	Floyd. "Entertainers can be a serious force in mobilizing impactful social change," lead author Herbert Chang said of his research, which found that K- Pop fans aided in the dissemination of health messages on social media Twitter, generating 111 times more online responses than non-K-Pop tweets.	ol.usc.edu/news/2 023/10/how-k- pop-fans-helped- covid-19-tweets-go- viral/
2 Implications	Implication s	COVID-19 pandemic relief fund distribution	"There has been much criticism of hashtag activism; however, to support COVID-19 relief efforts in South Korea, BTS fans donated money and refunded tickets from BTS concerts cancelled due to the pandemic, showing that the organizing potential of fandom should not be underestimated," Chang said.	mouth.edu/news/ 2023/10/k-pop- fans-helped-covid- 19-public-health-
	Environme	Establishm ent of an environme ntal community	K-Pop4Planet was formed as an environmental movement and a platform for K-Poppers to voice environmental issues. This movement was formed in March 2021, right on Earth Day, and has become an action organization that moves massively to this day.	torial.com/2021/05 /nurul-sarifah- brisiknya-k- poppers-bisa- dorong-aksi-iklim-
3	ntal Implication s	Tree planting action	Indonesia. This number comes	m.id/2023/07/21/ aksi-baik-fans-k- pop-itu-banyak- kami-menanam- ribuan-pohon-dan- masih-terus- menanam/

Source: Data processed by the author

The first visible implication of the active social movement initiated by the K-Pop fandom on social media is the political implication. The movement initiated by the K-Pop fandom and Tiktok users on social media successfully sabotaged the campaign of US President Donald Trump in Tusla, Oklahoma. They ordered fictitious tickets and then did not attend the campaign (CNN Indonesia, 2020a). The next impact comes from the resistance movement against the injustice of George Floyd's death. The case, which was motivated by racial sentiment, succeeded in arousing the enthusiasm of K-Pop fans to attack the Dallas police and successfully take over the Dallas IWatch application through K-Pop video spam. Not only that, the K-Popers' actions also spread to the Google Play Store and App Store where they made random comments about their idols while giving the app one beast. As a result, in less than 24 hours the Dallas police announced that there had been technical problems with the IWatch application so that it was no longer widely accessible (CNN Indonesia, 2020b).

The second implication of K-Pop fans' social media activism is in the realm of health. The large and solid community of K-Pop fans is very useful in spreading socialization messages, including health messages. In the pandemic era which took place around 2020 to 2022, health socialization was widely mediated through social media. A Dartmouth College study found that health socialization involving K-Pop issues has more power in reaching social media users. This can be seen from the WHO leader's post using the name of the Korean idol group BTS in 16 tweets, which achieved 111 times the virality of his tweets that did not include BTS (Engisch & Gholston, 2023). Most of the Twitter users who reposted his posts were from various K-Pop fandoms around the world. This suggests that K-Pop fandoms on social media contribute to the dissemination of health-related messages.

The third implication of K-Pop fandom activism on social media is the environmental implication. Long before being involved in political and health actions, K-Popers tended to have a high interest in environmental activities. Environmental actions are usually carried out during idol birthday celebrations, celebrations for the debut album of a favorite group/boyband, and celebrations for comeback personnel (Scientiarum, 2023). In the current era of social media, these actions are initiated more easily and massively. Social media has become a platform and instrument used to reach a wider mass. This can be seen from the formation of communities within the K-Pop fandom that have concerns in the environmental field such as K-Pop4Planet. In addition to community-based, real movements initiated by personal accounts representing various fandoms also have the power to realize environmental care actions. Accounts such as infiniteLjong as the fandom of idol groups Infinite and NCT are known to have carried out at least 19 environmental campaigns (Iqbal, 2022). At least in 2019, a total of 9 campaigns were conducted with 2,014 trees planted.

Discussion

A study highlighting K-Pop fandom activism on social media found three important results. First, drone emprit data shows K-Pop labeled accounts from various fandoms to be the highest category of social media users who raise important hashtags and trends on social media. This shows that K-Pop fandom activism is not limited to issues related to their community, but also contributes to important issues such as social, cultural, environmental, and political issues. Second, not limited to voicing aspirations and discourses on social media, K-Popers who are members of various fandoms also realize their activism through donations and real actions in the field such as filling out petitions, getting involved in demonstrations, campaigns, and aid distribution. Third, the K-Pop fandom's activism has implications for social change. Changes are present in at least three important aspects, namely politics, health, and the environment. The transformative implications on society show that the social media-based activism carried by the K-Pop fandom is not limited to futile discourse that ends up in the media. But it has the potential for social change.

K-Pop fandom activism on social media reflects the strengthening of the identity of the K-Pop music lovers community and changing the negative stigma that has been attached to them. K-Pop fandom, which was originally seen as a fanatical fan-based community, has shifted to a community that is seen positively because it plays an active role in initiating social movements that have an impact on the wider community. Their involvement in voicing social, cultural, political, environmental, and health issues on social media has increased their virality. The virality aspect is the main potential of achieving the targeted message delivery (Chang et al., 2023). The power of mass and loyalty in K-Pop fandom gives this community the power to achieve virality in delivering activism messages on social media (Kanozia & Ganghariya, 2021). Although such activism does not fully change the status of the ruler and the existing social order, it is at least able to become a force to arouse the spirit of public activism from various backgrounds and levels (Yu & Xu, 2023).

The phenomenon of activism mediated by fan-based communities in virtual spaces shows that fandom can act as a powerful catalyst in realizing collective action. K-Pop fandom has social capital in the form of high deep trust, solidarity, and loyalty whose networks can be utilized to disseminate socialization messages and activism movements (Kanozia & Ganghariya, 2021). This also shows that social media-based activism does not always deserve to be claimed as slacktivism. Online activism based on social media that is considered self-aggrandizing and politically ineffective (Cabrera et al., 2017) has in some cases proven to be able to mobilize crowds (Gustafsson & Weinryb, 2020; Velasquez & LaRose, 2015). The wide network access, varied content, short attention span and conversations in short sentences on social media are the strengths in mobilizing activism messages (Lim, 2013). Thus, fandom and social media are an important collaboration in the success of activism messages and activism (Velasquez & LaRose, 2015). Social media plays a positive role in achieving activism goals, especially integrative activism (Chon & Park, 2020).

Previous studies that specifically analyze internet-based activism have not targeted fandom communities as initiators. Various studies show that internet-based activism has become a new space in mobilizing a community that leads to the effectiveness of social movement initiation (Earl et al., 2010; Kopacheva, 2021; Ribeiro et al., 2019; Yang, 2014). The use of the internet is considered to be a new alternative in communicating social movements in increasing the chances of participation of its members (Kurniawan & Rye, 2014). The use of the internet medium as a form of activism has proven its implications for many changes, especially related to changes initiated by communities and political organizations to voice their interests (Jiyeon Kang, 2017; Postill, 2014). The phenomenon of activism has raised many issues that

have great influence and continue to be discussed internationally such as gender, health, and environmental issues (Pronkina, 2020; Sima, 2011). Thus, existing studies emphasize that internet-based activism has not talked much about fandom as the main initiator of movements and changes that occur on social media.

The success of spreading activism messages manifested in the realization of real movements is a representation of the potential of fandom and social media. Fandom is not always presented as a community of fans who are apathetic and anti-sociocultural issues but on the contrary, the power of the community they have can be accommodated positively. Social media as a forum for discourse can also be utilized as an important instrument in mediating messages and the spirit of activism. For this reason, a policy formulation is needed that can accommodate the practices of fanbased activism that are realized online through social media platforms. This is inseparable from the challenges of hoaxes and misleading which are the main obstacles to the utilization of social media. Therefore, it is necessary to socialize digital literacy as a preventive effort so that the activism carried out can be used in accordance with its designation.

CONCLUSION

The findings in this study show that K-Pop fandom activism on social media contains very complex forms and implications. This context can be seen through three important findings. First, the massive intensity of K-Pop fandom activism on social media in responding to political issues. Second, the form of K-Pop fandom activism is not only in the virtual realm but also leads to real social actions, such as the provision of petitions, donations and street actions "demonstrations". Third, K-Pop fandom activism has many implications in politics, health, and even the environment. This context occurs because the high deep trust, solidarity, and loyalty of the K-Pop fandom have implications in spreading factual messages. In other words, the messages conveyed in K-Pop fandom activism have the power to influence audiences' understanding and actions in interacting in real life.

The findings in this study are different from the studies that have been conducted. Studies that have discussed digital community activism only focus on the context of media efficiency, pros and cons and even negative implications of digital community activism. Taking the perspective of K-Pop fandom activism as a change in the fan activism movement has made it possible to answer questions about the shifting orientation of fan activism. This study shows that K-Pop fandom digital community activism is not a slacktivism movement but is based on real actions that have implications for changes in understanding and actions in politics, health, and the environment. Therefore, the findings in this study are not only expected to serve as a basis for previous studies, but are also expected to evaluate the reputation of K-Pop fandom, which is often regarded as a form of slacktivism.

This study has limitations in the data collection process which is only carried out through the process of reading twitter social media. In other words, the data obtained and described in this study is only based on reading the keywords "Kpopers care", "Kpopers donate", and "the power of kpopers on social media" so that it cannot provide empirical conclusions. However, the limitations of this study are expected to be the basis for future studies, especially studies that want to explain digital community activism by interviewing each individual involved in digital community activism. By integrating the views and experiences of those directly involved in activism, the purpose and values behind digital community activism can be explained more comprehensively.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

We would like to express our sincere gratitude to all those who contributed to the completion of this research. Special thanks go to Putri Ananda Saka from IA Scholar Foundation, Zidan Abdul Jabar Saka from Universitas Malikussaleh, Putri Rahmah Nurhakim from UIN Sunan Kalijaga, and Mirna Yusuf, Yuniar Galuh Larasati, and Rabiatul Adawiah from Universitas Gadjah Mada for their invaluable collaboration and insights. We also extend our appreciation to the journal for publishing our article and providing a platform to share our findings with a wider audience.

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